#### MILITARY.

The Wounded Ohio Soldiers from Grant's Army-Interesting Letter from Fredericksburg.

The Governor of the State yesterday received the following letter from the Ohio Soldiers' Agency, which will be read with

FREDERICKSBURG, May 21, 1864. Gov. John Brough:—Dear Sir:—I wrote you a hasty note on the 19th, giving an account of our doings up to that time. Since then we have secured a very convenient room, on the corner of Williams and Adams street as Ohio Headquarters, and put out a sign by which we can be found. On yes-terday I sent Mr. Wetmore a full list of the Ohio killed and wounded, with the request that he forward you a copy, my time being wholly occupied with the care of our wounded. We have now about 350 wounded in hospital, many of them but slightly, and will soon be out; others are seriously wounded, but that proportion. I am happy to say, is small.— They are well cared for, having all the attention and comforts that it is possible to give them. The boys are much gratified with the effort you are making in their behalf, and our agency are doing more than any other State, many of them having done nothing. There is great difficulty in get-ting supplies from Belle Plains to Freder-icksburg, a distance of ten miles, the Government requiring all the transportation for the front. In the battle of yesterday [Friday.] there were about 1,000 killed and wounded, in which we shall have our proportion. They will be in to-night and we are now providing for them.

I am happy to inform you that Ohio troops have done nobly in the several battles; the credit of the State has been nobly sustained. It is to be hoped that Government will succeed in opening the Rappa hannock, that our wounded may be sent to Washington more rapidly and with less fatigue than by the present route. The number of wounded now here varies from nine to ten thousand. Every house is full, including every public building in the city, and we are wanting more room.

You can give assurance to the people of our State that every effort is being made to properly provide for, and administer to the wants of their friends in this city.

Yours very truly, R. D. HARRISON.

ABOLITION BRUTALITY TO THE NATIONAL GUARDS.—The National Guards of Ohio have been smeared with the most disgusting flattery by the Abolition newspapers and the Abolition politicians who recognized in them the instruments by which their own precious carcases were preserved from the perils of the war. But the evidence daily accumulates that after the Guards are out of the State they are treated most foully and brutally. For the information of the real friends of the National Guards of Ohio, we reprint the following insulting paragraph from the Wheeling Intelligencer, an Abolition paper:

Three members of the National Guard of Ohio, recently called out by the Governor of that State, were brought up to this city and committed to the Atheneum, having refused to take the oath required of those entering the United States service. Their excuse is that their officers have no right probably remain in the Atheneum a week, at the end of which time they will be quite willing to take the oath and come out; and unless their religious principles are very firmly fixed, which is not apt to be the case before they come out, for the Atheneum is about the least engaging establishment we know of, to a man who has been accustomed to the free, fresh air.

paraded in the Abolition papers of Columbus as an excellent "joke" on the militia, and the same paper is perpetually puffing and blowing about "our noble Guards!" It is quite probable that the members of the Guards "won't see the joke." Those three men had a perfect right to decline taking BEST IN MARKET. the oath required of them. The law under which the National Guard was organized gives the Governor no authority to order them out of the State; and their right to decline to enlist in the United States service and no one but a fool would doubt. The imprisonment of these three men, for exercising that right, in a filthy jail, with thieves, robbers and rebels, and the publication of their unmerited disgrace in the Abolition papers, is not calculated to encourage enlistments, either in the National Guards, or any other branch of the service.

RAIROAD ACCIDENTS .-- Gentlemen arriving in the city last night over the Central Ohio Railroad, reported that there had been a collision on that road within ten miles of OFFICE Bellair, between a freight train and a train 148 High street, Columbus. loaded with soldiers, by which one man was killed and a number wounded. Upon inquiring at the railroad office in this city, we could gather no confirmation of the re-Union Station, by which trains were delayed several hours.

An accident occurred on the Columbus, Piqua and Indiana Railroad, occasioned by the breaking down of a bridge, but no further damage was done than the injury of a couple of cars and the detention of the baggage belonging to the train.

DELEGATES TO BALTIMORE.—The Abolition District Convention in the Licking and Knox District, met at Newark yesterday for the purpose of nominating delegates to the Baltimore Convention. Judge E. E. Evans, of Muskingum, and J. C. Devine, of Knox, were elected delegates to the Presidential Convention, and Mr. Wilson, of Licking, and Wm. Stanton, of Coshocton, were selected as alternates. They were instructed to vote for Lincoln for President, and Andrew Johnson or H. Winter Davis for Vice President.

A FRUGAL AND INDUSTRIOUS CONVICT .-There is a convict in the Ohio Penitentiary, employed on contract work who has earned the sum of one hundred and seventy-three dollars by overwork. When it is remembered that the contract price of work is only about forty cents a day, and that this prisoner earned the sum named by overwork at that rate of compensation, it will be conceded that he is a model of industry and frugality, if possessed of no other virtues of American Stangers Mary

A brown mantle was lost on High street, between Broad and Long, on Saturday last, for returning which to this office the finder will be liberally rewarded.

SMART.-The same paper which complained on Monday of somebody stealing cals from its columns, comes out the nex evening with nearly a column of local news stolen from THE STATESMAN.

THE Abolition State Convention will be held in the State Street Theatre to-day, and the performance will doubtless prove a 'screaming farce."

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION, free from Tan Pimples and Freckles, may easily be procured by using the "Balm of Thousand Flowers." For shaving it is unsurpassed It is composed of palm oil, honey and other valuable articles, highly perfumed by its own ingredients, and when used for washing, night and morning, renders the skin interest by the friends of the Ohlo soldiers soft and white, and free from blemish in Grant's army; and all druggists. sept24-'63-d&w1yeow

Notice to City Subscribers.

From and after March 1st, all subscriptions to THE DAILY STATESMAN will be collected every two weeks, unless paid in advance. Subscribers will confer a favor, and save much trouble, by leaving the money at their residences, as no money will be taken at the office after this time.

O. GLOVER.

## RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Ten lines of Nonparell, or % inch space, constitute square. DAILY.

DAILY.

For first insertion, per square, 75 cents, and for each subsequent insertion, 50 cents.

Notices of Deaths, 50 cents.

Notices of Marriages, 50 cents.

Religious Notices 50 cents.

Advertisements inserted every other day, every third day, and once a week, will be charged 75 cents per square, each insertion.

Business Notices in Local column, 15 cents per line for each insertion.

No Notice less than \$1,00.

WEEKLY. \$1.50 per square each insertion.
Business Notices 50 cents per line each Insertion.—
to Notice less than \$2.00.

Legal advertisements will be charged regular rates. All TRANSIENT advertisements must be paid for, hereafter, at the time they are ordered, other-wise they will not appear in the paper. This rule will be rigidly adhered to in all cases. There will be

## DRY GOODS.

MILLS, SCHERMERHORN & CO. HAVE RECENTLY RECEIVED large additions to their stock in all styles of goods adapted to SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR, com-prising the LATEST

Paris Styles Silk Mantillas!! CLOTH CIRCULARS.

SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS

French Organdies and Chintzes!

CHEAP LAWNS, etc.

-ALSO-

Grenadines, Crepes d'Espagne,

Crepes Maretz, and Satin Lamas!

An Immense Assortment of

Sun Umbrellas & Parasols,

With the famous "NONPAREIL" FRAME, re-

MILLS, SCHERMERHORN & CO.,

183 South High St., Union Block.

# This brutal and insulting paragraph is SEWING MACHINES GROVER AND BAKER'S

**FAMILY MACHINES** ARE THE

PREMIUMS WHEREVER SHOWN. GROVER & BAKER'S

Work done by them takes

is one which no one has a right to question, SHUTTLE MACHINES Are the best for Tailors now in use.

GROVER & BAKER'S

500 YARDS SPOOL THREAD IS THE

CLEAR SAVING OF TWENTY PER CENT. SEWING MACHINE NEEDLES

Of every kind at wholesale and retail.

may11-3mos-b

ICE! we could gather no confirmation of the report. A freight car was off the track near FRED to furnish the public in general with PURE



Which was procured some three miles above the

SUPERIOR ARTICLE,

Which will be furnished at the LOWEST POSSI-BLE RATES.

Thankful for past patronage aclicit a continuance of the same.

Orders left at F. A. & L. LESQUEREUX'S Jewelry Store, No. 71 South High Street, opposite the State House, or with the wagon on the streets, will receive prompt attention. prompt attention.

By special request, I shall continue to keep CHOICE FRESH OYSTERS during the summer, which I receive directly from Baltimore.

FRED'CK JAEGER,

Dealer in Ice and Oysters.

PANCY CASSINERES, COATINGS, TROUSERINGS, VESTINGS, the most complete and stylish assortment in the city, and at very reasonable prices. Also, materials for Gents' and Boys' summer wear, in Linens, Cottons and Nankenettes.

Nos. 23 to 29 South High street.

Lowest Prices. Nos. 23 to 29 South High street.

WARE & SAYLER ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW Office, No. 81 West Third Street, Cincinnati. O.

The Army of the Potomuc Again on the March to Richmond.

(Special to the Times.) GUINEAS STATION, May 21-7 P. M .- The Army of the Potomac is again on the march toward Richmond. During the night Han-cock's corps, which had held the left of our lines in front of Spottsylvania Court House. took up its march, moving on the road par-allel with the river. Early this morning it reached Guineas Station, on the Freder-icksburg and Richmond Railroad, two miles due south from Fredericksburg; thence pushed onwards, following the railroad. and to-night finds the head of Hancock's column at Bowling Green, 18 miles south of Fredericksburg. The other corps move to-day, following the general line, and are now pushing for the point at which this dispatch is dated. You will observe from these indicates that the commanding these indications that the commanding General has effected a turning movement on the right flank of Lee, who is now hastily falling back to take up a new defensive

It is expected his next stand will be on the South Anna river, although he may en-deavor to hit us while moving by flank just as he did when out flanked in his lines on the Rapidan. Heavy firing is heard at this moment across the Ny, where one of our columns is moving. One mile south by west of Guineas station is the point of confluence of the Po and Ny rivers, and at this point the stream is crossed by the Guineas bridge, which is in our possession. Our army is now all gone from the front it has held at Spottsylvania C. H. for the past two weeks. Our present advance, while it puts us in a very advantageous position in regard to the enemy for some time, perfectcovers our communications which are via Fredericksburg and Aquia Creek. The railroad will soon be all right from Aquia Creek to Fredericksburg, and will doubtless be put in order south of that point as we

A Midnight Assault by the Rebels. NEW YORK, May 24.—The Herald corresondent with Butler May 22d, gives an account of the midnight assault by the rebels the night previous. Our pickets received the fire firmly and gradually fell back, when the artillery opened upon the advancing rebels with withering discharges of grape and canister. Siege guns and light batteries were brought to bear, and the rebels, mowed down like grass, still advanced, receiving another slaughtering discharge, when they halted. A rebel caisson exploded, scattering death in all directions. gunboats on the Appamattox joined in shelling the woods, where the rebel reserves were stationed. Finally the rebels finding our forces so well prepared to receive them withdrew, leaving their dead on the field, numbering 263. Our defenses were constructed by some of our best engineers, and are almost impregnable.

Speculations in Gold Contrary to Public Policy.

[Times Special.] Washington, May 24.—The Senate Military Committee, is considering proposi-tions to allow the President to call out volunteers for less than three years; also to repeal the \$300 exemption clause. In the District Supreme Court, Judge

Wylie decided that Gold speculations are contrary to public policy, and that plaintiffs can neither recover profits made on former contracts in hands of defendants, or monies deposited with them as margin or collateral, under contract for the purchase

> Congressional Items. [Special to the Post.]

Washington, May 24—The attempt which will be made in the Senate to strike out the \$300 exemption clause in the en-House. There is some prospect that Senator Wilson's proposition to draft men for a single year will be adopted.

The Arkansas question assumes an important phase. A Senator and Representative from that State are claiming admission to scats in Congress. Better news has been received here from Little Rock within a day or two.

Fifteen Miles Beyond Spottsylvania New York, May 24.—The Washington Republican of last evening, says our army, at Sunday noon, was fifteen miles beyond Spottsylvania Court House, and everything progressing successfully. The Richmond Enquirer admits heavy loss in the battle with Butler last week, and foots it up at

Gov. Seymour and the Seizure of the World and Journal of Com-

New York, May 24.—Gov. Seymour's letter to District Attorney Hall in relation to the seizure of the World and Journal of Commerce says: "It is charged that these acts of violence were done without due legal process and without the sanction of State or National laws. If this be true the offenders must be punished. If the owners of the above named journals have violated State or National laws, they must be pro-ceeded against and punished by those laws. Any action against them outside of legal proceedures is criminal."

The Governor argues the matter at some length, and concludes: "In making your inquiries, and in prosecuting the parties implicated, you will call upon the sheriff of the county and the head of the police department for any needed forces and assistance. The failure to give this by any offi-cial under my control will be deemed sufficient cause for his removal."

Morgan to Make a Raid into Kentucky.

Louisville, May 24.—The Journal is advised that Gen. John H. Morgan, at the head of 5,000 or 6,000 cavalry, is at Abington, Va., and contemplates an immediate raid into Kentucky via Pound Gap. Our forces are ready to give them a warm re-

FORTRESS MONROE, May 24.—4 P. M.— The steamer Thomas Powell, Gen. Butler's dispatch boat, has just arrived, and reports everything quiet. There have been no hos-tilities since last Saturday night. From the best accounts it appears that the rebels received a severe punishing for their attempt at a night surprise. They had to bury their dead under a flag of truce. Capt. Geo. Emerson, of the 67th Ohio regiment, who was shot through the body, died last night on a hospital transport, and his re-mains have been brought to the Chesapeake

Thirty-four hundred wounded men have been brought down the James river since the army first landed.

New YORK, May 24.—The indications are that there will be no necessity for a draft in this city under the recent calls. The supervisors of the Volunteer Commission claim that the city is entitled to a credit of about 1500 over the number required under all calls. The Government, however, claims

The Internal Revenue bill was taken up, and after the expiration of the morning hour was discussed at length on the clauses regulating the duties and salaries of officers to be appointed under the law.

The amendments of the Finance committee, which were verbal, were generally agreed to.
The Senate adjourned.

State Coovention meets to-morrow. Quite a number of delegates arrived to-day. It is said a spirited debate will arise on the question of sending delegates to Baltimore, a strong influence being adverse to such a course. Cleveland is preferred.

Congressional. WASHINGTON, May 24.

Mr. Vanwinkle, from the Finance committee, reported favorably on the House bill to punish and prevent the counterfeit-ing of coin of the United States. On motion of Mr. Collamer, the Brazil

steamship bill was taken up and passed. The Internal Revenue bill was then considered, and the amendments of the Finance committee were acted on as the bill was Mr. Johnson introduced a bill granting

lands to aid in the construction of a rail-road and telegraph line from Lake Superior to Puget Sound. Referred to committee on Public Lands. Mr. Van Winkle, from the committee on Finance, reported favorably on the House

bill to punish and prevent counterfeiting of the coin of the United States. On motion of Mr. Collamer, the Brazil mail steamship bill was taken up and passed by yeas 21, nays 14. bill to appoint an additional super-

vising and two local inspectors of steam-boats for collection in the State of Tennes-House.—The committee on Elections reported in favor of giving the seat for Daco-tah to J. D. S. Todd.

The Senate's amendments to the National Currency Bill were then taken up, and an effort to have them sent to a Conference committee failed. Mr. Holman of Indiana, moved that the

amendments be laid on the table. This was decided in the negative-56 to 80. The Senate had amended the 12th section of the bill, which provides that sharehold-ers shall be held individually responsible, by adding an exception that the shareholders of any banking association now existng under State laws, having not less than \$5,000,000 of capital actually paid in, and a surplus of 20 per cent. on hand, both to be determined by the Comptroller of the Currency, shall be liable only to the amount invested in their shares, and such surplus shall be kept undiminished and be in addition to the surplus provided for in this act; and if at any time there shall be a deiciency in such surplus of 20 per cent, the banking association shall not pay any divi-dends to its shareholders until such defieiency shall be made good, and in case of such deficiency the Comptroller of the Cur-rency may compel the banking association to close its business, and wind up its affairs under the provisions of this act.

The House limited the entire amount of notes for circulation to three hundred milion. The Senate had amended it by making the limit apply to either the circulation

The House concurred in the above-88 to

The House non-concurred in the amendment by a vote of 57 against 77, leaving the limit to apply to the circulation alone. The House, 96 against 23, concurred in the Senate's amendment that the Comptroller, upon the terms prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, may permit an exchange to be made of any of the bonds deposited with the Treasurer by an association, for other bonds of the United States, authorized by this act for circulating notes, if he shall be of opinion that such an exchange can be made without prejudice to the United States. The House had fixed the rate of interest at not exceeding 7 per cent. per

annum. The Senate struck this out and substituted that the associations may charge the rate allowed by the State or Territory where the bank is located, and no more except that whereby the laws of any State a different rate is limited. For banks of issue organized under State laws, the rate so limited shall be allowed for associations organized in any such State under this act, and when no rate is fixed by the laws of any State or Territory, the bank may receive or charge a rate not exceeding seven

The House concurred in this-56 to 59. Mr. Stevens said that the most important part of the bill had thus been stricken out, and he therefore moved to lay it on the ta-

ble. Disagreed to-55 to 72. The Senate had amended the taxation section by providing that in lieu of existing laws, every association shall pay a duty of per cent each half year, from January last, upon the average amount of its notes in circulation; and a duty of 1/4 per cent each half year on the average amount of its deposits; and a duty of 14 per cent. each half year on its capital stock beyond that amount invested in U. S. bonds. Nothing is to be construed to exempt the market value of the shares, and the real estate of the association from State or municipal taxation. The Senate's amendment was nonconcurred in—61 to 67. The House acted upon all the Senate's amendments. Those to which the House disagreed will be sent

to the Senate for further action.

Mr. Patterson, of N. H., reported a bill to incorporate the Newsboys' Home in the District of Columbia.

Mr. Brooks, of N. Y., wished to know what would be the use of such house if

newspapers were to be suppressed. In that case there would be no news boys. Mr. Cox. of Ohio, expressed his surprise at the remarks of the gentleman from N. Y., [Brooks;] for if the newspapers were suppressed, not only the boys themselves, but the gentleman himself might want a

After a long debate, the bill for the incorporation of the Newsboys' Home in the District of Columbia was passed under the operation of the previous question. The House resumed consideration of the Reciprocity treaty.

Mr. Davis, of New York, made a speech against the propriety and expediency at this time of giving the notice for the termination of the treaty.

The House then adjourned.

Religious Intelligence. New York, May 24.—At the Old School Presbyterian General Assembly, in New-ark, N. J., to-day, Judge Matthews, from the Committe on Bills and Overtures, presented a report on the subject of slavery, which took strong anti-slavery ground and

produced a profound sensation. It was made the special order for Friday. NEW YORK, May 24.—The trial of Andrews, a leader in the July riots, commenced this morning.

UNITED STATES POPULAR LOAN 10-40 U. S.

5 PER CENT. BONDS. Interest and Principal Payable in GOLD! First National Bank of Columbus.

Permanent Depositary and Financial Agent of the United States.

THIS BANK IS AUTHORIZED BY
The Secretary of the Treasury to receive Subscriptions for the above named Bonds, from banks, corporations, firms, or individuals, in sums of \$50 or its multiple to any amount, payable in United States legal tender or National bank notes.

The Bonds will bear interest from the 1st day of March, 1864, and accrued interest to date of purchase must be paid in coin or in above named notes with fifty per cent. premium added, or interest from date of purchase.

H. M. HUBBARD. Purchase.

H. M. HUBBARD,

Cashier and Designated Depositary,

Also, Revenue Stamps kept on hand to supply the
emand in large or small quantities. apr23-dlm-7

ELEGANT SILK PARASOLS.
Silk Sun Umbrellas.
Embroidered Parasols.
Superb Black Basque Silks.
Elegant Fancy Silks.
Stylish Spring Shawls.
Fine Lace Goods.
French Fans.

BAIN & SON, Nos. 25 to 29 South High street. BROWN SPANISH LINENS FOR GENTS NEGLIGEE SHIRTS. Spanish Linen Shirts. Imperial Shirts. Summer Under Garments. Alexandre's kid Gloves. Gents Furnishing Goods generally, at

Lowest Prices. Nos. 23 to 29 South High street. COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

New York Money Market-May 24. Money easy at 6 per cent. Sterling Exchange active and firmer at 201@201% or currency.

American Gold active and higher; opening at 82%, divancing to 86, declining to 84%, and closing firm at savacing to so, declining to 84%, and closing firm at 55% (85%) per cent premium.

Government stocks a little firmer. U. S. 6's '81 coupons 114%; 5-20's coupons, 105% (8107; 7-30 Treasury notes, Oct. and April, 111.

New York Market-May 24. COTTON—Fully 2@3c higher, with sales at 96 for niddling uplands and 96c for low middling. FLOUR—State and Western firmer. Sales at N 25@7 35 for extra State; \$7 55@8 70 for extra cound boop Ohio, and \$7 75@8 50 for trade brands; eound hoop Ohio, and \$7 75@8 50 for trade brands; masket c cesing firm.

WHISKY—Heavy and lower. Sales at \$1 26 for State and \$1 27 for western.

WHEAT—Decidedly more active, and 2@3c higher. Sales at \$1 57@1 65 for Chicago spring; \$162 for Racine spring; \$1 60@1 63 for Milwaukee club; \$1 65a 172 for common winter red western. CORN—Quiet. Sales at \$140@141 for new mixed western and southern yellow.

OATS—Dull and declined. Sales at 86@87c for western.

vestern.
COFFEE—Dull and unchange.
SUGAR—Steady. Sales at 20c for clarified N., 185@17c for Muscoveds, Havanna 18%c.
MOLASSES—Dull.
RYE—Dull.
WOOL—Owiet and unchanged. RYE—Duil.
WOOI.—Quiet and unchanged.
PETROLEUM—Firm. Crude 38@39c; refined in bond 61 & 62c; and refine i fies 18 & 68c.
PORK—Active and firmer, with sales at \$27 75 for mess; \$27 25 for old mess; \$30 90@30 25 for new do; chiefly at \$30; \$23 75@25 90 for old and new prime; and \$27 60@27 75 for prime mess.
BEEF—Quiet. Sales at \$9 50@31 90 for mess; 6 90@7 90 for prime; 16 90@19 90 for repacked mess; 19 50@20 25 for extra mess.
PRIME MESS BEEF—Quiet at \$26a28.
BEEF HAMS—Quiet and nominally unchanged.
CUT MEATS—Inactive at 11%@12c.
SHOTLDERS—14%@15c.
HAMS—Duil.

SHOTLIDERS—14%@10c.

HAMS—Dull.

BACON SIDES—Dull and unchanged \* LARD—Dull at 13%@14%. Sales include small at very choice kettle rendered at 14%, an extreme; lso, 1500 bbls for June and July, seller's option, at BUTTER—Steady and firmer, with sales at 282 Be for Ohio, and 35@42c for fair to choice State yelow in fickins, CHEESE—Sales at 12@171/c.

Philadelphia Market-May 24. Breadstaffs dull and the market generally without

hange. FLOUR—Quiet at \$7 50 for extra. WHEAT—Quiet. Sales Red at \$1 80, and 82 05 or white. CORN—Firm, with sales of 2000 bushels yellow at 1 40.
WHISKY—Without change, and dull at \$130.
PETROLEUM—Firm. Sales crude at 36½; Refind in bond 57@59c; do free 63@56c.

Cincinnati Market.

FLOUR-We quote superfine at \$6.65@6.75, and extra at \$6.90@7.00. The sales were confined to 400 bls extra at \$7. WHISKY—Sales of 600 bbls at \$1 25 and 400 do WHISKY—Sales of 600 bbls at \$1 25 and 400 do
H. P. at \$1245.

WHEAT—\$1 72% and \$1 75 were obtained for
prime and choice Ketucky white, delivered in Covington, where it is, but it was bought by a miller
there, so that it was to the buyer's advantage to have
it there. Red is held firmly at \$1 65. The sales
were 4000 bush choice Kentucky, delivered in Covington, at \$1 75, and 500 do prime do at \$1 72%, and
700 do prime red at 158, at this side,

(1777) were: 1500 bush car at L. M. R.

were: 1500 bush ear at L. M. R. at 1 10, and 600 do at lower road at 1 15. From the control of t 120, OATS—In bulk they may be quoted at 84@84%c, and in sacks at 94@35c.
PROVISIONS—City mess Pork is held at \$28, but we did not hear of any demand. Bulk meats very dull, and pressingly offered at lower rates. Sides can be bought at 11%@11%. The demand for Racon continues light, and prices are drooping. We quote Shoulders at 12%@12%c; Hams at 17%@186 for common, and 20to 21 for sugar cured; 300 tes city Lard sold at 13%, which is a decline.
GROCERIES—Coffee is exceedingly dull at 42@40; raw Sugars are quiet at 19@20c. Nothing is doing in New Orleans Molasses; fair to prime quotable at \$1 00@10.

1 35.
BUTTER—We quote prime to choice fresh male yellow at 30@33s... Old is rather difficult to dispose of at above 12@18c.
EGGS—The market is firm at 16%@17c, shippers' count. The receipts have been rather light. The demand is fair.
RICE—No change has transpired since our last. We quote at 12@13%c.

Cleveland Market.

FLOUR—No sales reported to-day. WHEAT—Red ou track is held at \$1 52 and 1 48 is CORN—In better demand, and 3c higher. Sales of 000 bu shelled, free on board, at \$1 25. OATS—Quiet, but steady, at 78c on track and 80c from store. RYE-Steady at \$1 40 from store, with sales only in a sma'l way nd no receipts. BARLEY—Held at \$1 25⊛1 35 for good to prime BUTTER—Market i5 firm at a range of 28@30c for good to choice Western Reserve.

EGGS—Sales 8 bbis at 18c.
CHEESE—New in moderate demand at 10@12%c.

according to quality.
POTATOES—In good demand and firm at \$1 10 at 12 for Peachblows and 85c@1 00 for common to

New York Stock Market -- May 24. New Kork Stock Market—May 24.
Stocks Decidedly firm. Cleveland & Pittaburg
16: Galena & Chicago 137; Cleveland & Toledo 150;
Chicago & Rock Island 1174; Chicago, Burlington &
Quincy 129; Milwaukee & Praire du Chien 70,
Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago 1174; Chicago
& Northwestern 643; Michigan Southern guaranteed
142; Michigan Southern 100%; Michigan Central 146;
Buyers at 10 days Reading 1465; Hudson 149;
Eric prefered 1082; U. S. 1 year certificates 984;
New York Central 1343; Eric 11634; Harlem 281;
Illinois Central scrip 1323.

Columbus Retail Market-May 24. The following are the retail quotations corrected by WM. H. RESTIRAUX, Wholesale and Retail Grocer, No. 106 South High street:

WHOLESALE MARKET. WEEKLY REVIEW. FLOUR—Sales at \$7 50@7 75 for red, and \$7 7. 25 for white.

WHEAT—Red \$1 27@1 30; White \$1 35@1 50, CORN—Sales at 87@\$1 00, OATS—Sales at 70@75.

RYE—Sales at 75@80c.

HAY—Sales at \$25 00@30 00, POTATOES—Sales at \$2 25@2 50.

BEANS—Sales at \$2 25@2 50.

SALT—Rules at \$2 50@2 75 per bbl.

FISH—White rule at \$15 00@18 00 per bbl.

BARLEY—Selling at \$1 15@1 25.

BROOM CORN—Sells at \$150@175 per ton.

APPLES—\$3 75@3 25 per bbl.

FLAX SEED—Sales at \$2 25 per bush. FLOUR-Sales at \$7 50@7 75 for red, and \$7 75@

New York Cattle Market. NEW YORK, May 24. The current prices for the week at all the markets are as follows:

BEEF CATTLE.

Common ......Inferior COWS AND CALVES. First quality. \$55 00 to 95 00 Ordinary 45 00 to 45 00 Common 40 00 to 45 00 Inferior VEAL CALVES. First quality, per lb. 9½ to 10c
Ordinary 8½ to 9c
Common 7½ to 8c
Inferior 6½ to 7c SHEEP AND LAMBS. 

SWINE. TOTAL RECEIPTS. TOTAL LAST WEEK.

Baltimore Tobacco Market.

Maryland leaf is coming forward very sparingly; sales limited but prices are steadily maintained strikes suil. DING, closing firmer on account of the advance in gold and moh8-Jm

exchange. Sales embraced iscano hhds within our quotations. Of Ohio we report further sales of 159 hhds, mostly for export, at full former prices. Kentucky is quiet; last rales were comprised chiefly effugs and common leaf, at \$7. Inspections this week were 287 hhds Maryland, 328 hhds Ohio, and 42 hhds Kentucky—total 655 bhds. Exported same time, 5 hhds to West Indies. We quote the range of prices as follows: Maryland, black frosted and common at \$7.50a\$ 00; good common do. \$9a10; middling do \$16 50a11 50; good to fine brown do. \$12a15; fancy do. \$16a20; Upper country \$7a20; and ground leaves, new, \$7a14; inferio; to good common Ohio \$8a2; brown and spangled do. \$9 50a11; good and fine red and spangled do \$12a14; fine yellow and fancy \$14a 17; stems \$4a5; common to good Kentucky lugs \$7a 10; common leaf \$19.50a\*2 50; good to fine leaf \$14a 20; fine do. \$22a22; select do. \$28a30, and stems, old \$4a5 per 100 lbs.

Baltimore Cattle Market. BEEF CATTLE—The offerings at the scales to-lay amounted to 550 head. Very few buyers were in attendance, owing to the large sales of Cattle through the week, and the market ruled dull, closing with 100 head left over unsold. Sales ranged at \$5 or "scaliwags" to 9 75 per 100 lbs gross for very prime ots.

lots.
SHEEP—There were very few at market; the sales ranged at 7a10c per lb gross.
HOGN—Demand slow and market well supplied.
Sales of common to prime live Hogs at 10 75a12 00 per 100 lbs net.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

little Miami & Columbus & Xenia

RAILROADS.

For Cincinnati, Dayton, Richmond. Indianapolis and Chicago. Without Change of Cars to Dayton and Richmond, and only one Change of Cars to St. Louis, Indian-apolis and Chicago.

n and after Monday, Nov. 16, 1863, Trains will Run as follows: FOUR TRAINS DAILY FROM COLUMBUS.

(Sundays excepted.)

FIRST TRAIN. CINCINNATI, DAYTON, RICHMOND AND INDIANAPOLIS NIGHT EXPRESS—Leaves at 125 A. M., stopping at London, Xenia, Dayton, Middletown and Hamilton, arriving at Cincinnati at 725 A. M., Richmond, 6:35 A. M.; Indianapolis, 9:10 A. M.; Chicago, 9:35 P. M.

M.; Chicago, 9:35 P. M.

SECOND TRAIN.

CINCINNATI, RICHMOND, INDIANAPOLIS
AND CHICAGO TRAIN—Leaves at 5:30 A. M.,
stopping at all stations on the L. M. & C. & X. R. R.,
connecting with the train on the Marietta & Cincinnati R. R. for Hillsboro, Chillicothe and Marietta,
arriving at Cincinnati at 10:55 A. M.; at Dayton, 8:36
A. M.; stopping at all stations on the Dayton & Western Railroad, arriving at Richmond at 10:32 A. M.;
Indianapolis, 1:35 P. M.; Chicago, 9:35 P. M. N. B.—This train is the quickest from Columbus to Chicago; time occupied being 16 hours, which is three hours quicker than

by any other Railroad route. THIRD TRAIN.

CINCINNATI, DAYTON, RICHMOND AND INDIANAPOLIS DAY EXPRESS—Leaves at 1:40 P. M., stapping at London, Charleston, Cedarville, Xenia, Spring Valley, Corwin, Fort Ancient, Morrow, South Lebanon, Foster's, Loyeland, Camp Dennison, Miltord and Engine House; arriving at Cincinnati at 6:35 P. M.; Dayton at 4:24 P. M.; Richmond at 6:42 P. M.; Indianapolis at 10:10 P. M., and Chicago, 9:00 A. M.

FOURTH TRAIN.

MAIL AND ACCOMMODATION—Leaves at 925.

M., stopping at all stations on the L. M. & C. & X.

R., except Claysville, Fort\_Ancient, Branch Hill,
diamisyille and Plainville, arriving at Cincinnati at

Sleeping Cars on Night Trains. N. B.—For further information apply at the Co-umbus Union Depot Ticket Office of M. L. DOHERTY, Ticket Agent. T. LOUGH, Agent.

E. W. WOODWARD, Cincinnati. Columbus, Nov. 17, 1863. SIGN OF THE BLACK BEAR.

P. W. STRADER,

HATS, CAPS, FURS,

MILITARY GOODS.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST Hats, Caps, Furs. &c.

Ever brought to Columbus.

SWORDS, SASHES. PISTOLS,

> STRAPS, HAT CORDS

> > HAVERSACKS,

GOLD LACE. GOLD CORD,

PRESENTATION SWORDS

Hat and Cap Ornaments, &c.,

Constantly on hand, worth from \$25 to \$250. We have made arrangements to fill any order for the finest quality of Presentation Swords, manufactured at much lower prices than can be purchased elsewhere. SMITH & CONRAD

當 Hat Store. 誓 New Neil House Building.

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

COUGH NO MORE! TRY STRICKDAND'S MELLIFLUOUS GOUGH BALSAM

Dr. Strickland's MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM. CURES Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Asthma, and Consumption. It is only necessary for any one troubled with these complaints to try one bottle of

Strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam, to convince them that it is the best preparation ever used. It not only cures the above affections of the Throat and Lungs, but it cures Night Sweats and Spitting of Blood, and is an excellent gargle for any kind of Sore Throat. It is pleasant to take, and a safe medicine for infants. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold in Columbus, Ohio. by S. E. Samuel, G. Roberts, N. B. Marble, J. N. Denig, Denig & Sons, Thrall & Benham, H. Wilson and R. Jones & Son, pruggists, jan23'64-d&wly,mon,wed.frid.

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CONSTITUTION

LIFE SYRUP

JODIDE POTASSIUM. With the Compound Concentrated Fluid Extract of

Valuable Medicinal ROOTS AND HERRS

Prepared by WM. H. GREGG, M. D. Graduate College of Physicians and Surgeons, N. Y formerly Assistant Physician Blackwell a Island Hospitals, late Medical Inspector New York State Volunteer Depots, under Governor Edwin D. Morgan.

Constitution Life Syrup

A REVOLUTION IN MEDICINE What may seem almost incredible is that many diseases hitherto considered hopelessly incurable are frequently cured in a few days or weeks, and we cheerfully invite the investigation of the liberal minded and seientific to cures which have no parallel at the present day.

Our medicine is peculiar; by it the seat of any disease is directly reached, and the equilibrium restored.

Those who have suffered long from painful and ob-stinate diseases; Those who have vainfy sought re-lief from advertised medicines; Those who cannot be cured by other physicians—

Are Invited to Use Constitution Life Syrup. During the past five years we have contended with obstacles and overcome opposition as heromean as were ever encountered by any reformers.

RAPIDITY OF CURE. Some say, "Your cures are too quick," while others doubt their permanence, and think that disease can only be cured by the "slow recuperative process of Nature."

This is our reply: In health, the body, like a well balanced scale, is in a state of Equilibrium. But when, from any cause, down goes one side of the scales, we have the effects of disease. What is requisite is, to restore the normal balance of the scale.

Constitution Life Syrup, A positive and specific remedy for all diseases originating from an IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, and for all thereditary) DISEASES transmitted from PARENT TO CHILD.

PARALYSIS. Hemiplegia, Paresis Paraplegia. Paralysis Agita It is so universally admitted that Constitution Life Syrup is the only effective means of restoration in the various forms of Paralysis, that we need not reti-erate that it is emphatically the Great Life-Giving Power.

DYSPEPSIA. Indigestion. Liver Complaint. Weight at Stomech. Constipation. Billousness. Want of Appelits. Flatulence. Bad Breath. SCROFULA.

This taint (HEREDITARY and ACQUIRED), filling life with untold misery, is by all usual medical rem-ical remedies incurable. RECEIMATESM. Arthritis.l Lumbago Neuralgia, Gout. Sciatica. Tic Douloureaux. If there is any disease in which the Constitution Life Syrup is a sovereign, it is in Rhaumatism and its kindred affections. The most intense pains are almost instantly alleviated—ecormous swellings are reduced. Cases, chronic or vicarious, of 20 or 20 years' standing, have been cured by us.

Struma. Glandular Swellings. Ulcer King's Evil. Erysipelas. Salt Rheum.

NERVOUSNESS. Nervous Debility. Shattered Nerves. Epi St. Vitus's Dance. Loss of Power. Confusion of Thoughts. Thousands who have suffered for years will bless the day on which they read these lines. Particularly to weak, suffering women will this medicine prove an inestimable blessing—directing their footsteps to a Hope which fulfills more than it promises.

MERCURIAL DISEASES. Salivation. Rotting of Bones. Bad Complexion Aches in Bones. Feeling of Weakness. Depression of Spirits. Depression of Spirits.

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP purges the system entirely from all the evil effects of MERCURY, removing the Bad Breath, and curing the Weak Joints and Rheumatic Pains which the use of Calomel is sure to produce. It hardens Spongy Gums and secures the Teeth as firmly as ever. CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP

Eradicates, root and branch, all Eruptive Diseases o the Skin, like ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES And all other difficulties of this kind, which so much disfigure the outward appearance of both males and females, often making them a disgusting object to themselves and their friends. CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP Cures all Swelling of the Glands,

Either of the Face, Neck, or Female Breast, and should be taken as soon as the swelling is detected, thus preventing their breaking, and producing troublesome Discharging Sores, which disfigure so many of the younger portion of the community, from six to twenty years of age, Young children are very subject to Discharges from the Ears, which depend upon a sorofulous constitution. These cases soon recover by taking a few doese of the Life Syrup.

All scrofulous persons suffering from general Debility. Emaciation, Dyspepsia and Dropsy of the limbs, abdomen, and in the female. Dropsy of the ovaries and womb, generally accompanied with Infianmantion and Ulceration of the Uterus, are permanently cured by Constitution Life Syrup. The disease known as Goitre or Swelled Neck, the Life Syrup will remove entirely. The remedy should be taken for some time, as the disease is exceedingly chronic and stubborn, and will not be removed without extra effort.

Tumors of the ovaries, Tumors of the Breast, and swelling of other glands of the body will be completely reduced without resorting to the knife, or operations of any kind.

Epileptic Fits, Sympathetic or Organic Diseases of the Heart, as Palpitation, Disease of the Valves, producing a grating or filing sound, Dropny of the Heart Case, and all the affections of this important organ (persons suffering from any acute pain in the region of the heart), will be greatly relieved by Constitution Life Syrup.

Broken Down and Delicate Constitu-tions,

Suffering from Indisposition to Exertion, Pain is the Back, Loss of Memory, Forebodings, Horror of Calamity, Fear of Disease, Dimness of Vision, Dry, Hot Skin and Extremities, Want of Sleep, Rest-lessness, Pale, Haggard Countenance, and Lassitude of the Muncular System, all require the aid of the CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP.

FOR ALL FORMS OF ULCERATIVE DISEASES, Either of the Nose, Threat, Tongue, Spine, Forehead or Scalp, no remedy has ever proved its equal.

MOTH PATCHES upon the female face, depending upon a diseased action of the Liver, are very unpleasant to the young wife and mother. A few bottles of Constitution Life Syrup will correct the secretion, and remove the deposit which is directly under the skin.

In Diseases of the Liver, giving rise to Langour. Distinces, indigestion, Weak Stomach, or an ulcerated or cancerous condition of that organ, accompanied with burning or other unpleasant symptoms will be relived by the use of CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP. LIFE SYRUP.

23 As a general Elood-Purifying Agent, the Life Syrup stands unrivaled by any Preparation in the World.

Diseases of the Spine, as usually developed in the young, Hip Disease, Neura.zia. and all Nervous Diseases and Ladies who are suffering from Disease for which they are at a loss to know what to do, we would advise the use of CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP. It will restore their pallid countenance, strengthen their weak back and side, give them new energy, new life and happiness.

THE RICH AND POOR Are liable to the same diseases. Nature and Science have made the Constitution Life Syrup for the benefit of all. PURE BLOOD

To Mothers and Married Ladies. It is the safest and most effectual medicine over dis-covered for purifying the system, and releving the suffering attendant upon child birth. It strengthens both the mother and the child, prevents win and disease, and increases and enriches the food. Those who have used it think it indispensable. It is high-ly useful both before and after confinement, as is prevents disease attendant upon childbirt.

BUY IT, TAKE IT, AND BE CURED! IT IS UNIVERSAL IN ITS EFFECTS. WM. H. GREGG, M. D.,

CINCINNATI, O.

Produces healthy men and women; and if the Constitution is neglected in routh, disease and early death are the result. Do not delay when the means are so near at hand, and within the reach of all.

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Le the Poor Man's Priend and the

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